

Physics 202 Formula Sheet for Young&Geller Chapters 19, 20, 21 (Exam 2)

$$I = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t} \quad V = IR \quad R = \frac{\rho L}{A} \quad R = R_0[1 + \alpha(T - T_0)]$$

$$P = V_{ab}I \quad P = V_{ab}I = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

series: $R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + \dots$ parallel: $\frac{1}{R_{eq}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \dots$

junction rule: $\sum I = 0$ loop rule: $\sum_{\text{around loop}} V = 0$

$$i = I_0 e^{-t/RC} \quad q = Q_{\text{final}}(1 - e^{-t/RC}) \quad \tau = RC \quad i = I_0 e^{-t/RC} \quad q = Q_0 e^{-t/RC}$$

$$F = |q|vB \sin \phi \quad a_{\text{rad}} = v^2 / R \quad F = IlB \sin \phi \quad \tau = IAB \sin \phi \quad \mu = IA$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \quad \mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T} \cdot \text{m/A} \quad \frac{F}{l} = \frac{\mu_0 I I'}{2\pi r}$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 NI}{2R} \quad B = \mu_0 nI \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 NI}{2\pi r}$$

$$\Delta B = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{I \Delta l \sin \theta}{r^2} \quad \sum B_{\parallel} \Delta s = \mu_0 I_{\text{encl}}$$

$$\Phi_B = B_{\perp} A = BA \cos \phi \quad \mathcal{E} = \left| \frac{\Delta \Phi_B}{\Delta t} \right| \quad \mathcal{E} = vBL$$

$$N_2 |\Phi_{B2}| = M_{21} |i_1| \quad M = M_{21} = M_{12} = \left| \frac{N_2 \Phi_{B2}}{i_1} \right| = \left| \frac{N_1 \Phi_{B1}}{i_2} \right| \quad \mathcal{E}_2 = M \left| \frac{\Delta i_1}{\Delta t} \right| \quad \mathcal{E}_1 = M \left| \frac{\Delta i_2}{\Delta t} \right|$$

$$N |\Phi_B| = L |i| \quad \mathcal{E} = L \left| \frac{\Delta i}{\Delta t} \right| \quad U = \frac{1}{2} LI^2 \quad u = \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0} \quad \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{N_2}{N_1}$$

$$i = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{R} (1 - e^{-(R/L)t}) \quad \tau = L/R \quad i = I_0 e^{-(R/L)t} \quad \omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$