IV. The Weakly Interacting Bose Gas in the Critical Regime

One-Body Density Matrix

$$n(s) = \langle \Psi^{\dagger}(\vec{r}) \Psi(\vec{r'}) \rangle$$

In the Presence of a Condensate

$$n(\vec{p}) = N_0 \delta(\vec{p}) + \tilde{n}(\vec{p})$$

$$n(s) = \frac{1}{V} \int d\vec{p} \, n(\vec{p}) e^{i\vec{p} \cdot s\vec{e}/\hbar} \stackrel{s \to \infty}{\longrightarrow} \frac{N_0}{V}$$

For a homogeneous Bose Gas

$$\langle \Psi^{\dagger}(\vec{r}) \Psi(\vec{r}') \rangle \propto \frac{1}{s} \exp(-\frac{s}{\xi})|_{s=|\vec{r}-\vec{r}'|}$$

Divergence of the Correlation Length

$$\xi \propto |\frac{T_C}{T - T_C}|^{
u}$$

Measurement

$$\nu = 0.67 \pm 0.13$$

2-Vector Model

$$\mathcal{H}(\phi) = \int \left(\frac{1}{2}(\partial_{\mu}\phi)^{2} + \frac{1}{2}(r_{C} + t)\phi^{2} + \frac{1}{4!}g\Lambda^{\varepsilon}(\phi^{2})^{2}\right)d^{d}x$$

 ε -Expansion

$$\nu = 0.671 \pm 0.005$$